

# What Goes in the Trash Container?



INCLUDES BUT NOT LIMITED TO:



PLASTIC BAGS OR FILM\*



DIAPERS



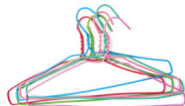
RUBBERS HOSES



SNACK BAGS & CANDY WRAPPERS



BROKEN GLASSWARE & DISHES



METAL HANGERS



PLASTIC STRAWS



DISPOSABLE GLOVES & MASKS



PET WASTE & KITTY LITTER

\***PLASTIC BAG OR FILM RECYCLING:** PLEASE VISIT [PLASTICFILMRECYCLING.ORG](http://PLASTICFILMRECYCLING.ORG) FOR PLASTIC BAG AND FILM RECYCLING SOLUTIONS AND POSSIBLE DROP-OFF LOCATIONS NEAR YOU.

## NO HHW!

**Do not place household hazardous waste (HHW) items in ANY of EDCO's collection containers!** Please refer to [edcodisposal.com](http://edcodisposal.com), under the Resource Center tab for HHW and special items disposal solutions.



# What Goes in the Recycling Container?



INCLUDES BUT NOT LIMITED TO:



### ALUMINUM:

Aluminum, steel and tin cans, such as food and beverage cans for soda, soup, beer, beans, fruit, and vegetables. Clean aluminum foil, clean aluminum trays, and pie tins.



### PAPERBOARD:

Paperboard boxes such as cereal boxes, tissue boxes, refrigerated food boxes, boxes from toiletries, and soda/beer cases.



### GLASS CONTAINERS:

Glass containers including food jars and beverage bottles.



### CLEAN CARDBOARD:

Cardboard, including boxes used for moving and shipping or any other box or packaging made of corrugated cardboard.



### METAL:

Dry and empty paint and aerosol cans.



### CARTON CONTAINERS:

Aseptic cartons, including milk cartons and juice boxes, half-gallon cartons, soup/broth cartons, and wine cartons.



### STYROFOAM:

Clean foam cups, meat trays, plates, egg cartons, block packaging (no peanuts), rigid polystyrene, and carry-out containers.



### SHREDDED PAPER:

Shredded paper (placed in a clear bag is okay for easy identifying).



### MIXED PAPER:

Mixed paper, including junk mail, catalogs, magazines, newspapers, & paper used for computer printing.



**#1 - #7 PLASTICS:** All plastic containers, lids, and packaging with a recycling symbol of #1-7 (all containers accepted with caps and lids): water and soda bottles, peanut butter and other food jars, mouthwash bottles, vegetable oil containers, automotive oil containers, ovenable food trays, milk jugs, juice bottles, shampoo and conditioner bottles, detergent and bleach containers, condiment bottles, medicine bottles, bottle caps, butter and yogurt tubs, CD cases, baby bottles, 5-gallon water bottles, CDs, medical storage containers, and rigid plastics such as 5-gallon buckets.

All food and beverage containers should be **EMPTY**: no/minimal food residue and no liquids remaining. Boxes should be broken down and flattened to fit inside the recycling container.

# What Goes in the Organics Container?



INCLUDES BUT NOT LIMITED TO:



### FOOD SCRAPS:

Cooked or raw meat, poultry and seafood (including bones), cheese, dairy products, fruits, vegetables, grains, pasta, egg shells, bread, coffee grounds, tea bags, tea leaves, baked goods, nuts, jelly, candy, snack foods, leftovers, spoiled food.



### FOOD-SOILED CARDBOARD AND PAPER:

Paper bags, paper napkins, paper towels, paper plates, paper cups, paper and cardboard take-out containers and take-out boxes (with no plastic or wax coating, and with any metal removed), coffee filters, tissues.



### LANDSCAPE WASTE:

Grass clippings, small branches, small tree limbs, tree roots, flowers, leaves, plants, straw.



**Do not use any kind of plastic bags** (including certified compostable or biodegradable bags) for any type of green waste, food waste or other organics collection or disposal, as they contaminate the Anaerobic Digester! All organic material must be placed loosely inside the green container for collection. Paper bags are acceptable. Also, do not put rocks in with organic waste or in the green collection container.